

AIRSHIPS RAID LONDON, STARTING VAST FIRES; 1 ZEPPELIN SHOT DOWN

Craft Driven Off by British Guns and Aeros Following Greatest Attack so Far Made on England.

(By the International News Service.) London, Sept. 3.—(Sunday)—The greatest Zeppelin attack on England yet attempted took place last night and early this morning. Great numbers of Zeppelins took part in the attack, the objective of which was London. Several of the raiders reached London and hovered over the metropolis for more than half an hour dropping bombs. They finally were driven off by the British guns and swarms of aeroplanes which ascended to attack.

One Zeppelin was shot down. High in the air it burst into flames in the view of thousands who had ascended to roofs to view the mighty spectacle. It fell within the city limits.

The authorities have as yet been unable to make an estimate of casualties and damage done in the air invasion. Sir John French, commanding the Home Forces, made public the following statement at 4 o'clock this morning:

"The attack during the night was made by the largest number of air ships which has ever raided England. The eastern counties and London were the objective. The attack on London was beaten off and one Zeppelin shot down in flames. Many bombs were dropped on widely separated localities. No report of casualties or damages has yet been received."

The raid was in progress more than four hours, coast cities being the first to be attacked.

The attack on London was the most extensive and probably resulted in the most damage to the city of any since the war began. Large fires are reported to have started at many points from explosions and incendiary bombs.

From the roof of the International News Service office the London staff witnessed the fall of the Zeppelin. It was one of the most impressive sights that can be imagined. The great raider, staggering in the air, burst into a vivid sheet of flames against the sullen sky. Slowly at first it descended, and then catapulted headlong to earth, while it seemed as if a sick of relief and amazement could be heard to ascend from the city's roofs and streets.

There was no sleep in London tonight. Early the word that "the Zeppelins are coming" had been flashed to the metropolis. The city became dark.

Later from the distance, dull explosions could be heard, like the far-off roar of artillery. Like beats of a drum the same came nearer, until the air reverberated with the concussion of mighty blasts that struck the city like a titan's hammer.

50,000 German Troops Ordered to Orsova

(By International News Service.) London, Sept. 2.—With the Roumanians making continued wide incursions on Hungarian soil and seriously threatening Orsova, at the Iron Gates of the Danube, Field Marshal von Hindenburg is reported to have sent 50,000 German troops to the front to halt the invaders.

The Austrians admit a withdrawal in the Orsova region and also the southern Carpathian front, where Hermannstadt, Kronstadt and other important cities have fallen to the Roumanians.

Dispatches from Bucharest say that Marco Vasarehly is already being evacuated.

A declaration of war by Roumania against Turkey is announced today.

Telegraph Tips

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 2.—With forty-nine cases of typhoid fever in the city, due to impure ice cream, City Health Officer J. M. Raunack today ordered the plants of four manufacturers closed and issued a statement to the citizens asking them to refrain from eating ice cream.

Laredo, Texas, Sept. 2.—Three American refugees, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Wilson, of Rodriguez, seventy miles west of Tampico, Mexico, and Mrs. J. W. King, arrived here today. They said that their property had been destroyed by Mexican bandits about two months ago.

New York, Sept. 2.—Owing to the shortage in soda water, the Dobbie Perry Mineral Water Company, of White Plains, has been closed temporarily. The supply of soft drinks is fast being exhausted, and most of the soda water places there are unable to make up ice cream sodas.

Springfield, Mass., Sept. 2.—Col. W. S. Pierce, commandant of the Springfield Armory, announced today that 1,000 men are needed in the immediate future and 2,500 men probably will be taken on by the first of next April. He estimates that 50,000 rifles will be turned out by October 1, 1917.

Orange, N. J., Sept. 2.—Some one stole \$15 from George Underwood a few days ago. A priest returned the money, given to him in confession. Mr. Underwood still wonders who robbed him.

New York, Sept. 2.—Homer Joshua Strauss, 36 years old, a machinist, who was convicted Thursday of stealing two packages of cigarettes valued at 15 cents, hanged himself yesterday in the new Bronx County Jail.

New York, Sept. 2.—Among the passengers on a ship to Europe today, on the steamer Rochambeau, is Charles Ben Ames, prominent college athlete, who is going to France to drive an ambulance for the American Ambulance Field Service.

Manila, Sept. 2.—A parade and demonstration over the signing of the Philippine bill by President Wilson was held here today by Filipinos. Silver tablets will be presented to President Wilson and Gov. Gen. Harrison.

New York, Sept. 2.—Charged with stealing robes, silver candle sticks and a communion receptacle from St. Mary's Greek Catholic Church, Paul Kolonik, 49 years old, former janitor of the church, was locked up at Police Headquarters last night.

Detroit, Mich., Sept. 2.—Another record in iron ore shipments on the Great Lakes was made in August, according to figures just made public. There were loaded last month 9,860,140 tons, which was nearly 2,000,000 tons greater than in August a year ago.

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 2.—The condition of Richard C. Kerens, former Ambassador to Austria, who is ill at the home of his daughter, Mrs. G. Hamilton Colket, in Narberth, is "about the same."

London, Sept. 2.—A Copenhagen dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, says the Roumanian minister to London has returned to Roumania, but will remain in Denmark while the war lasts.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 2.—With 50,000 marchers in line, the second annual Protestant parade started over its long downtown route this afternoon. It was 7:30 o'clock this evening before the last of the paraders passed the reviewing stand.

Essex, Conn., Sept. 2.—One hundred passengers were taken off the steamship Hartford last night from its position on the rocks at Watrous Point, in the Connecticut River. A large hole was torn in the vessel's hull and water flooded the engine rooms.

Plattsburg, Sept. 2.—Having reached the Canadian line at Champlain, the training recruits will march west today close to the frontier and camp near the village of Moers. Tomorrow they will march to Altona.

New York, Sept. 2.—Bishop William Lawrence, of Massachusetts, president of the Church Pension Fund, announced that more than \$3,000,000 had been pledged so far toward the fund for pensioning Episcopal clergymen. All these pledges are contingent upon \$5,000,000 being pledged by March, 1917.

New York, Sept. 2.—Owing to the risks of shipping, the \$300,000,000 securities which will serve as collateral for the new British \$250,000,000 loan are arriving piecemeal by many boats.

Harrisburg, Sept. 2.—The opinion of Attorney General Francis Shunk Brown on the taking of the vote of Pennsylvania soldiers on the border on election day will be made public early next week, according to Capitol Hill officials.

Guardsmen on Way Home. San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 2.—Missouri, Maryland and Louisiana Guardsmen passed through San Antonio this morning on their way back home.

GREEKS WAITING TO JOIN ALLIES; NORTH REVOLTS

Martial Law in Athens; King's Fate Is a Mystery.

(By the International News Service.) London, Sept. 2.—Revolution is sweeping Greece like a tidal wave, according to dispatches reaching here tonight.

Thessaly and Northern Epirus are in revolt and the unrest has reached Athens.

So great is the fear of revolutionary disturbances in the capital that martial law has been proclaimed there as well as at Piraeus, its seaport, five miles away.

Practically all of northern Greece is in rebellion, correspondents report. Under the direction of a revolutionary committee, which calls itself the National Defense Committee, and is headed by Lieut. Col. Zimbrakakis, great numbers of volunteers are being enrolled to influence the government in behalf of the entente powers and to resist the invasion of Greek soil by the Bulgarians.

Rumors are still flying wildly regarding the fate of King Constantine, but late dispatches indicate that he is still in safety at his palace and retains his throne.

Indeed, a report from Saloniki reports that he has declared Greece will maintain her neutrality, despite the demonstrations in favor of her entrance into the war.

This statement is said to have been made by the monarch at a conference in the place yesterday with Premier Zaimis. The King is said to be in ill health. While reports of his abdication were still in circulation today, late dispatches tended to discredit them.

The neutrality of Greece will be friendly toward the entente, according to an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Athens, quoting the Premier.

Greece will await developments before taking further action.

Meanwhile British and French troops from transports lying off Piraeus are said to be patrolling Athens and the Greek seaport.

Men from the warships conveying the transports are declaring that they seized the wireless station at Athens, together with four German ships which have been interned at Piraeus since the beginning of the war.

TEUTONS DRIVE BACK RUSSIAN ONSLAUGHT

Muscovites' New Offensive Gains Little Headway.

(By the International News Service.) London, Sept. 2.—Successful counterattacks by the Austro-German troops at all of the vital points of the far-fung battle line in the east are announced by the Berlin war office today.

The Russian offensive, which was resumed two days ago, thus far has met with little success. Slight further advances are claimed by Petrograd toward Halicz and Zoloch, in Galicia.

As against this the Teutons officially register the capture in two days of fighting of ten officers and 1,100 men and the reconquest of ground at Zborov, in the Sereth Valley, forty-nine miles southeast of Lemberg.

Besides, the right wing of Archduke Karl's forces, operating in the mountainous region east of the Carpathians, captured two officers and 373 men.

Today's German war office statement contains the name of Gen. Litzmann, who last fall captured the fortified approaches of Kovno, as heading an army on the eastern front.

ALLIED AEROS BOMBARD BULGARS, KILLING 150

(By the International News Service.) Saloniki, Sept. 2.—Intense aerial activity has developed over the Balkan theater of war. Allied aeroplanes bombarded the Bulgarian camp at Sorovich, killing 150 soldiers.

On Tuesday three Bulgarian aeroplanes attacked the allied military depot at the island of Thasos. British machines gave battle, and two of the Bulgarian aeroplanes were shot down.

A squadron of British planes attacked Bulgarian encampments along the Struma River.

BETTING ON BASEBALL GAMES NOT GAMBLING

Special to The Washington Herald.

New Orleans, Sept. 2.—Judge V. J. Stantz, of the City Court, in a decision on file today, holds that moderate betting on baseball games does not constitute gambling.

The defendant in the case bet a \$50 check against the plaintiff's cash that the Green Turtles, a semi-professional team, would defeat the Greco-Sweets. The Turtles lost and the defendant stopped payment of the check, whereupon the plaintiff sued.

DRINKING PAINT KILLS COWS.

Farmer Sues to Recover Value of Two Milkers and Fifty Chickens.

Philadelphia, Sept. 2.—Two cows and fifty chickens died of a can of blue paint. Now they are dead.

Patrick Donahue, a farmer of Upper Roxborough, was the proud possessor of the paint-eating stock. He has started suit in the Municipal Court against Chas. K. Johnson, a contractor, who, it was alleged, was indirectly responsible for the deaths.

Donahue explained that last June Johnson contracted with him to paint a barn on his place. An employee of the contractor, Donahue said, placed a large bucket of blue paint in an open wagon, but failed to cover the receptacle properly.

Danish Steamer Seized. Copenhagen, Sept. 2.—The Danish steamer Axel, 900 tons, has been seized by a German torpedo boat and taken into port.

German U Boat Sunk. Copenhagen, Sept. 2.—A German submarine is reported to have been sunk off Soudenburg, with the loss of several members of her crew.

STRIKE ORDER RESCINDED BY TRAINMEN AS SENATE PASSES EIGHT-HOUR BILL

Adamson Measure Carried by Vote of 43 to 28—Wilson Will Sign Bill This Morning—Brotherhood Leaders Countermand Decree for General Walk-Out—National Crisis Now Over.

HISTORY OF STRIKE MOVEMENT

August 1—Trainmen balloting on strike issue.

August 4—President prepares appeal to both sides of controversy.

August 5—Federal mediation board leaves for New York.

August 7—Strike prospects grow more threatening.

August 9—Trainmen give committee power to decide course of workers. Fix strike date as September 4.

August 10—Mediation board meets railroad heads.

August 12—Administration loses hope of settlement through mediation board.

August 13—Mediation plans fail. President calls parley to avert strike.

August 16—Trainmen agree to President's plan, railroad heads hold back.

August 18—Hale Holden named spokesman for railroads in conference at White House.

August 19—President warns roads to yield or face government ownership.

August 22—Railroad heads show signs of weakening.

August 24—President threatens Congressional action if chiefs remain stubborn.

August 25—Road heads demand promises of immediate guarantee of higher rates.

August 27—President desperate, appeals to Congress for eight-hour law.

August 30—Strike order stands despite Wilson's plea to Congress for eight-hour law.

August 31—Congress rushing through eight-hour bill.

September 1—Eight-hour law passed by House, strike fear diminishing.

September 2—Senate passes eight-hour bill. Strike order rescinded.

"RECORD UPHOLDS LABOR LEADER PARTY"—WILSON

President, in Speech of Acceptance, Reviews Regime.

(By the International News Service.) Shadow Lawn, Long Branch, N. J., Sept. 2.—In the presence of Vice President Marshall and members of his Cabinet, President Woodrow Wilson was officially notified this afternoon of his renomination as the Democratic standard-bearer.

Enthusiasm ran riot during the ceremonies at the summer White House. Senator James, chairman of the notification committee, was heartily cheered by the thousands who witnessed the ceremonies, when he tendered the letter of notification to the President.

President Wilson, in his address, made his first attack on Charles E. Hughes, charging that he was making "doubtful and conjectural promises of service."

Also he predicted a new place among world powers for the United States and declared this nation could never remain neutral in the next big war. To prevent this, he advocated establishment of a league for enforcing peace.

The President said the Democratic party not only fulfilled its own pledges but has enacted legislation that the Republicans had promised to enact but had neglected.

He made a bid for support of the Progressives by asserting that "the four years since we have come very near to carrying out the platform of the Progressive party as well as our own; for we also are progressives."

Turning in his speech to the international status of the United States, the President upheld his Mexican policy and his policy toward European nations.

"I do not doubt that the people of the United States will wish the Democratic party to continue in control of the government," he said. "They are not in the habit of rejecting those who have actually served them for those who are making doubtful and conjectural promises of service. Least of all are they likely to substitute particular service and proved failure for that promise for those who have actually rendered those very services."

"Boasting is always an empty business, which pleases nobody but the boaster, and I have no disposition to boast of what the Democratic party has accomplished. It has merely fulfilled its explicit promises. But there can be no violation of good taste in calling attention to the manner in which those promises have been carried out or in advertising the interesting fact that many of the things accomplished were what the opposition party had again and again promised to do, but had left undone. Indeed that is manifestly part of the business of this year of reckoning and assessment."

Return of the testimony is to be made in the Lebanon court on December 4.

German U Boat Sunk. Copenhagen, Sept. 2.—A German submarine is reported to have been sunk off Soudenburg, with the loss of several members of her crew.

FORMER GOVERNOR OF PENNSYLVANIA DIES

(By the International News Service.) Schwenksville, Pa., Sept. 2.—Former Governor Samuel W. Pennypacker died at his home near here today from uremic poisoning. He was 73 years old. He is survived by a widow, three daughters, and a son. He was governor of Pennsylvania from 1903 to 1907.

Before being named by the Republicans for governor in 1902, he was a judge of the Common Pleas Courts in Philadelphia.

SON WHO ELECTED TO SERVE KAISER FIGHTING FOR SHARE OF FORTUNE.

Lebanon, Pa., Sept. 2.—Because the German government does not permit the taking of testimony before foreign consular officials in Germany, Judge Henry has made a supplemental order in the suit of Dr. Guido Hinkel, of Freiburg, Germany, to break the will of his mother, Rosalie Parant Coleman, of Paris, who disinherited him on account of the war, in which he elected to serve the Kaiser.

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PLAGUE CASES DECREASE.

New York Has Fewer New Patients but Two More Deaths.

New York, Sept. 2.—A further decrease in the number of new cases of infantile paralysis was reported by the board of health today. There were two more deaths, however, than on the previous day.

Compilation of figures shows that the total number of cases reported so far in the epidemic is 5,148 and the number of deaths 1,908.

SUE FOR \$1,000,000.

Amunition Makers Seek to Recover from Joseph H. Hoadley.

New York, Sept. 2.—Sue for \$1,000,000 was instituted yesterday against Joseph H. Hoadley, promoter of the International Power Company, by the American and British Manufacturing Company, of 48 Wall street, which is turning out munitions for the allies.

The allegation is that valuable assets of the munitions firms were turned over to Hoadley wrongly and misappropriated.

GEN. JOSTOFF A SUICIDE.

Bulgarian War Chief Feared Certain Defeat, Is Reported.

London, Sept. 2.—Gen. Jostoff, chief of the Bulgarian general staff, who yesterday was officially reported by Sofia and Berlin to have died of appendicitis, really committed suicide, according to a rumor in Amsterdam, reported by an Exchange Telegraph dispatch from that city.

The cause for his alleged suicide is reported that he did not wish to "lead his army to certain defeat," the dispatch says.

ELECTRIC WORKERS STRIKE.

Four Thousand Employees Walk Out at Massachusetts Plant.

Pittsfield, Mass., Sept. 2.—Four thousand workers of the General Electric plant struck this morning for a 10 per cent increase in wages and because of minor grievances.

The strikers consisted of more than 3,000 members of the metal trades and electrical workers union and 500 or more nonunion workers, who struck in sympathy.

The walk-out was featured by a parade of the entire number, two abreast.

ENGINE HOUSE FIRE DOES SMALL DAMAGE.

A fire in a fire engine house is a rarity, but the unusual incident took place yesterday afternoon in the station of No. 5 truck company of the District fire department, situated on Dent place north-west, between Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth streets.

Shortly after noon Lieut. Warren, of the truck company, smelling smoke, went to investigate in the cellar of the building. There he discovered flames rising from a pile of wood. They were quickly extinguished and small damage was done. The cause of the blaze is unknown.

RAILROADS IN CHICAGO LIFT FREIGHT EMBARGO

(By the International News Service.) Chicago, Sept. 2.—Embargoes on freight, which were hurriedly laid when a strike seemed imminent, were lifted by every railroad in Chicago today.

By the middle of the next week everything pertaining to freight traffic will be down to normal again, according to railroad officials.

Prices of foodstuffs, which soared at the prospect of a strike, started to descend today, and by next week will be normal again.

IMMUNE SERUM AN AID.

Hundred Physicians Have Used It with No Bad Results.

New York, Sept. 2.—At the Willard Parker Hospital, it was said last night, approximately 100 private physicians have received immune blood serum for use in combating infantile paralysis, and none has reported bad results after the treatment in inpatient cases.

The serum also has been used on more than 100 patients at the Willard Parker, Bellevue, Flower, Lincoln, Mount Sinai and other hospitals.

GUARDSMEN ON WAY HOME.

San Antonio, Tex., Sept. 2.—Missouri, Maryland and Louisiana Guardsmen passed through San Antonio this morning on their way back home.

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